SAI Performance Measurement Framework
— Implementation strategy 2020-2022

2019
2nd DRAFT
SAI PMF Implementation Strategy 2020-2022

1 Introduction

The SAI PMF implementation strategy 2020-2022 (herewith “the Strategy”) has been developed in 2019 under the strategic guidance and leadership of the INTOSAI Capacity Building Committee (CBC). It has been drafted by the INTOSAI Development Initiative (IDI), as the operational lead on SAI PMF. Key INTOSAI bodies and other stakeholders were also consulted.

The Strategy represents an update of the first implementation strategy 2017-2019. It is prepared in anticipation of a more comprehensive revision for the period 2023 and beyond, in line with probable changes in the SAI PMF assessment framework, and to synchronise with the next 6-year strategic planning cycle of INTOSAI. The Strategy is aligned to the INTOSAI Strategic Plan 2017-2019, and in particular to its Goal 2, Capacity Development. It was approved at the CBC Steering Committee meeting in July 2019.

Next to consultations with various stakeholders, the revision of the Strategy also took into consideration findings from the Global SAI Stocktaking report 2017, as well as several important lessons learnt from the 2017-2019 implementation period:

- **The application and interpretation of the assessment methodology could impact the quality of SAI PMF assessments:** SAI PMF can be a challenging endeavour. Strong awareness-raising, targeted training of assessment teams and emphasis on quality requirements will be key priorities in order to support high-quality assessments.
• **Publication of SAI PMF assessments is lagging behind:** Only 20 per cent of SAIs that have finalised SAI PMF assessments have chosen to publish the report. Although heads of SAIs will consider the possible risks associated with publication, the Strategy foresees more efforts to encourage SAIs to publish their SAI PMF results, in line with ISSAI-12 objectives of SAIs leading by example on being transparent. This also includes analysing the reasons behind the limited publication of assessments and preparing guidance for SAIs on how to navigate the potentially challenging process on decision-making and communicating about SAI PMF findings on weaknesses in SAI performance.

• **Global roll-out of SAI PMF could be further strengthened:** At the time of drafting this Strategy, almost 60 SAIs had completed a SAI PMF assessment. Nevertheless, additional awareness-raising on the challenges\(^1\) and benefits of applying the tool is required to ensure firm anchorage of SAI PMF as the preferred methodology globally, which allows for holistic measurement and tracking of performance changes over time.

• **SAI PMF is most relevant when directly linked to use of its results:** Almost 90% of SAI PMF assessments are used as a basis for strategic and/or capacity development planning. As of 2019, significant efforts will go into facilitated initiatives that link support for applying the tool and using its results for strategic planning and management.

• **Implementation of SAI PMF and development of pools of experts requires a differentiated approach based on regional context:** Regional take-up of SAI PMF varies significantly, and so do related capacities of regional SAI PMF assessors, with specific language skills, and knowledge of the SAI models and specificities in the region. The Strategy emphasises the dialogue with INTOSAI regional bodies and the need for flexibility to develop regional experts as parts of a regional approach.

• **Commencement of work on a possible update (or revision) of the SAI PMF methodology:** Developments such as changes to the ISSAIs may justify revisions to the SAI PMF methodology. The Strategy underscores the need for dedicated scoping and preparation in anticipation of such changes.

• **Need to address partial application of SAI PMF assessment domains and indicators:** SAIs are increasingly using parts of the SAI PMF framework for purposes such as annual performance monitoring or a stand-alone assessment of performance in a specific area. The Strategy aims to address this trend by providing specific guidance, awareness-raising and targeted training to ensure such applications of the methodology are done consistently and do not jeopardise its integrity.

## 2 Purpose of the strategy

\(^1\) Some of the most frequent challenges encountered by SAIs applying the SAI PMF tool are a) the time taken to implement the tool, b) trained personnel required, and c) knowledge and mastery for the interpretation of the criteria.
The overall purpose of this strategy is to guide the global roll out of SAI PMF for the period 2020-2022 to achieve sustainable improvement in SAI performance globally, through use of SAI PMF, thereby contributing to the INTOSAI’s mission of fostering SAI continuous SAI performance improvement.

A single, globally recognized and broadly used needs assessment and performance measurement tool will enhance the value and contribution of SAIs across the world. It will also enable monitoring of SAI performance progress globally and regionally over time, thereby providing input to regional and global capacity development programmes. To achieve this purpose, the following two strategic outcomes have been identified.

**Strategic outcome 2.1:** To establish the SAI PMF as a widely recognised tool within INTOSAI for holistic, evidence-based SAI performance measurement, and recognised as such by in-country stakeholders and the donor community

The first strategic outcome relates to the establishment of SAI PMF worldwide as the SAI performance assessment and measurement framework of choice for all key stakeholders – SAIs, INTOSAI bodies, and the donor community. This outcome will inter alia be achieved through an intensified communication strategy, including exploring stronger outreach to governments and other external stakeholders on the benefits of carrying out, supporting and using the results of a SAI PMF assessment. A first key message to such stakeholders is on the position of SAI PMF is an INTOSAI tool and a Global Public Good, and as the only holistic SAI performance measurement tool which examines both the SAI’s audit and non-audit functions that is evidence-based and independently reviewed for quality and adherence to the methodology. Another crucial advantage of SAI PMF to be communicated is that the detailed performance report produced at the end of the assessment provides the SAI with an objective basis for demonstrating its ongoing relevance to citizens and other stakeholders, especially when the report is published. The findings of the report are also very well suited to provide the basis for strategic and capacity development planning. The standardised scope and objective measures of SAI PMF also makes it invaluable for comparison of performance over time.

**Strategic outcome 2.2:** Through an effective roll-out of the SAI PMF, with proper guidance and support activities, ensuring that all assessments are considered to be of high quality, credible and relevant by all users

The second outcome emphasises the need for SAI PMF assessments not only to be widely applied, but also consistently of high quality. High quality SAI PMF reports based on factual accuracy are fundamental if the SAI PMF reports shall form a credible basis for strategic planning, further capacity development, monitoring performance over time, and identifying the results of capacity development initiatives. Low quality assessment reports on the other hand will not only limit the usefulness of the report for the SAI in question but may also negatively impact the credibility of the SAI PMF. Therefore, a rigorous process to ensure quality and validity of the findings is also critical.
This process starts with provisions to ensure internal quality control by the assessment team leader. Quality assurance is provided by experienced individuals – independent of the assessment team and usually officers of the SAI under assessment – who carry out a detailed fact check of the draft assessment report before it is finalised and passed to IDI for independent review of adherence to the SAI PMF methodology. Ensuring quality implies the provision of training courses and workshops, the development of guidance material, advice to assessment teams, and independent review of quality of the terms of reference guiding the assessment process and of the draft SAI PMF assessment reports.

3 SAI PMF Functions

There are broadly five different functions that are essential for the SAI PMF strategy to meet its purpose, each with clearly allocated governance arrangements, roles and responsibilities.

3.1. Strategic governance and SAI conduct of assessments

- SAI PMF function 1: Strategic governance and advice:
  - INTOSAI’s CBC is established to build the capabilities and professional capacities of SAIs and is responsible for SAI PMF strategy on behalf of INTOSAI. The CBC is also responsible for raising awareness and promoting the tool. Possible revisions to the SAI PMF methodology to be approved in 2022 at the XXIV INCOSAI will also need to be spearheaded by the CBC.
  - In order to provide for strategic advice, the CBC has established a SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group (IAG) of volunteer donors, SAIs and INTOSAI bodies. IAG provides strategic advice and recommendations to support the CBC and the IDI in their efforts to implement the SAI PMF strategy, and to ensure continued and appropriate donor engagement in SAI PMF (see Annex 2 for the terms of reference of the IAG).

- SAI PMF function 2: Conduct SAI PMF assessments:
  - This function lies under the governance of the individual SAIs as assessment owners. That is, the decision whether or not to undergo a SAI PMF assessment is voluntary, and it is the SAI Leadership that makes all key decisions about the assessment, including whether, when, how and for what purpose to conduct the assessment and how to share its results. The IDI provides advice, guidance and support to SAI PMF assessment teams, including by participating as part of individual assessments. Over the years, the IDI has facilitated a number of SAI PMF assessments, and such more intensive support will be offered to interested SAIs based on an assessment of needs and availability of resources.

3.2 Global implementation support arrangements

The IDI is the operational lead on SAI PMF support, coordination, and facilitation, through in-house staff with strong SAI PMF experience. The IDI has the responsibility for delivery and/or support of the
remaining three SAI PMF functions, including the development and execution of a detailed implementation plan and the resources required².

- **SAI PMF function 3: Support of Assessment Quality and Global Monitoring:**
  - This function is the key input towards ensuring high-quality assessments through remote support and where necessary during fieldwork in the SAI. It relates to being the global coordinator, training body, support function and knowledge centre for SAI PMF. This includes amongst others, development of guidance and training materials, delivery of training courses and workshops, provision of general support to assessors, monitoring of SAI PMF assessment status, and development of a pool of experts to support SAI PMF roll-out in different languages. The scoping and approach related to guidance to applying parts of the SAI PMF assessment methodology will also fall under this function.

- **SAI PMF function 4: Facilitate use of SAI PMF assessment results:**
  - SAI PMF assessments are strongest when they are of high quality and their findings are put into practice. This function addresses needs expressed by the INTOSAI Regional Organizations (and sub-regions) and groups of SAIs for facilitation support in relation to conduct of, and use of, results from SAI PMF assessments. This will be ensured by the continued incorporation of SAI PMF facilitation programs into more comprehensive support for groups of SAIs related to strategic management³. Such support can be laid down in regional SAI PMF implementation plans, and required a tailor-made approach adapted to regional context and capacities. While resource intensive, the facilitation function can be instrumental in ensuring assessment quality, relevance and use of results.

- **SAI PMF function 5: Independent Review:**
  - This function entails promoting the importance of an adequate review mechanism to ensure the planning and implementation of credible, high quality SAI PMF evaluation and reports. The SAI PMF methodology emphasises the need for quality control (as exercised by the assessment team leader) and quality assurance of facts (as exercised by a SAI staff not involved in the assessment). The IDI offers to conduct, or arrange other SAI PMF experts to conduct, independent reviews of all SAI PMF assessments to ensure adherence to the SAI PMF methodology. An IDI statement of independent review is issued for all reports that have undergone an independent review arranged by the IDI. Safeguarding and further promoting

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² See also Annex 1 for the Results Framework and Results System for the SAI PMF roll-out.
³ The IDI Strategy, Performance Measurement and Reporting (SPMR) initiative was launched globally at the end of 2018, focusing on strengthening strategic management in SAIs leading to higher performance. SPMR implementation in 2019 focuses on SAI PMF facilitation in five INTOSAI regions. Carrying out a SAI PMF assessment as a baseline for performance and as a key input into the development of the SAI Strategic plan is a cornerstone of SPMR. A repeat SAI PMF assessment at the end of the strategic management period will serve a dual purpose of measuring progress and identifying key issues for the next strategic plan.
the independent review function is of key strategic importance for the credibility of the SAI PMF tool and the assessment results.

4 SAI PMF Stakeholders

For the SAI PMF to be used globally as the SAI needs assessment and measurement framework of choice, the interests and roles of key stakeholders have to be recognised and managed. The following are the key stakeholders in the SAI PMF implementation process:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stakeholder</th>
<th>Main interest and/or role</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stakeholders to SAI PMF assessment process and use of results</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>▪ Head of SAI/ SAI Leadership</td>
<td>An assessment report of high quality, with useful findings for the assessment purposes decided by the SAI Head. Key decisions on the approach, scope and use of assessment are made by the SAI Head, including the publication of the report which is strongly encouraged. SAI Leadership also plays a critical role to ensure SAI PMF results are followed up in the SAI.</td>
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<td>▪ SAI staff</td>
<td>Solid understanding of the SAI PMF evaluation methodology, or at least a good understanding of the reason for conducting such an evaluation, as well as understanding of the findings by staff with aim of increasing ownership for follow-up of the results at the technical level.</td>
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<td>▪ SAI PMF assessment teams</td>
<td>Proper training as assessment team-members, and advice and support during assessments. The assessment teams conducting the individual assessments should in total have good understanding of the SAI PMF framework and methodology and experience from all relevant audit disciplines (financial, compliance, performance, and/or jurisdictional control if relevant). The team should also have knowledge about organizational management and SAI support systems and be familiar with level 1-3 of the ISSAI framework.</td>
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<td>▪ Donor partners</td>
<td>Well-executed SAI PMF assessments resulting in credible high-quality reports as basis for capacity development planning. Donors supporting the SAI PMF assessment process (e.g. through funding individual assessments, regional or global SAI PMF initiatives or in-kind contributions) and having good understanding of the SAI PMF approach and methodology to be able to best use the findings in agreement with the SAI. Donors regularly assessing whether there is scope to integrate SAI PMF in their supported capacity building interventions and making SAI PMF their assessment of choice for informing SAI capacity development.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stakeholder</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Stakeholders to SAI PMF assessment process and use of results</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Governments (e.g. ministries of finance), Civil Society Organisations and citizens&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>Assurance in the quality of the process, the assessment team, credibility of the SAI and its findings and appropriateness of the results. Evidence that the SAI adheres to and promotes good governance principles, and positive examples of the SAI striving to improve performance and delivering value and benefits to citizens. Governments recognizing and supporting SAI independence and its key role for credible audit results. CSOs and citizens relying on SAI reports to increase demand for accountability.</td>
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<td><strong>Stakeholders to SAI PMF governance and implementation</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>CBC</td>
<td>Effective SAI PMF strategy and ensuring continued relevance of the tool, including future refinements. Promotion of SAI PMF implementation across all INTOSAI regions, including issues related to costs and benefits of applying SAI PMF or publication of SAI PMF results.</td>
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<tr>
<td>IDI</td>
<td>Global implementation of the SAI PMF tool, including alignment between SAI PMF implementation and other IDI workstreams and initiatives, with the aim of maximising use of SAI PMF results.</td>
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<tr>
<td>INTOSAI regional organizations and other relevant INTOSAI regional bodies</td>
<td>Effective cooperation with regard to regional capacitation and implementation initiatives, and support with regard to regional SAI PMF plans that cater for region-specific needs and circumstances.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other INTOSAI (Governing Committees, Workstreams)</td>
<td>Consistent roll-out across all regions and effective cooperation about specific topics that contribute to measuring and improving aspects of SAI performance.</td>
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5 **Resourcing of SAI PMF work**

The implementation of the SAI PMF will require substantial direct financing as well as in-kind support, to fund the following areas amongst others:

- The **global support functions that support assessment quality and global monitoring; facilitate SAI PMF assessments and use of assessment results, and independent review**: Typical costs items will include staff costs, developing and translating guidance material, translating material, the roll-out of training courses and workshops, financing awareness-raising, and funding independent reviews done by consultants. Key inputs to the support functions will come from IDI.

<sup>4</sup> As part of the communication plan for the roll-out of the strategy, all key stakeholders will be identified with engagement purposes and actions for each.
staff and funding resources. Monitoring and analysis of SAI performance changes globally based on SAI PMF performance data is another task requiring dedicated resources. The IDI as operational lead for SAI PMF work will budget for the operational plan of the SAI PMF strategy, and this budget will be approved by the IDI Board as part of the IDI budget.

- **Trainers and facilitators**: The main resource is envisaged to be in-kind support from the INTOSAI community. SAI PMF trainers and facilitators are mainly highly experienced IDI and SAI staff. In some cases, consultants with specific SAI PMF experience can also be used as trainers and facilitators of SAI PMF assessments on behalf of IDI.

- **SAI PMF assessments**: The funding source will largely be determined by the context and the purpose of the assessment. For example, external providers where SAI PMF assessment is part of an externally funded capacity development strategy may be willing to fund the assessment. Whenever the SAI chooses to do a self-assessment, the main costs will be related to dedicating sufficient time for the assessment team members to complete the work. Depending on the skills and knowledge of the assessment team and the size and complexity of the SAI, the workload may be significant. At the same time, the benefits of carrying out a SAI PMF assessment in general greatly outlay the costs. A SAI PMF assessment is recommended to be done at the end of each strategic planning cycle, and its results can be used not only for strategic planning and/or capacity development, but also for continuous monitoring of the next strategic plan’s implementation. The costs for a SAI PMF repeat self-assessment would be significantly lower with an experienced team aware of how to plan and manage the assessment process.

The IDI will prepare an implementation plan stipulating the resources required for the SAI PMF implementation in more detail.

### 6 Monitoring, reporting and evaluation of the SAI PMF Strategy

Monitoring: The CBC, as strategic governance lead, is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the SAI PMF Strategy 2020-2022. An annual report on progress against SAI PMF strategy and related outcome indicators and targets will be put forward by the Director General of IDI for information in March 2021 for information to the CBC and to the IDI board, as part of the IDI Performance and Accountability report.

Reporting: The CBC leadership will in addition receive tertiary report updates from the IDI on progress against the SAI PMF strategy and implementation plan. A high-level report on SAI PMF progress, as

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5 The principle difference between trainers and facilitators is that while the former are primarily involved in the provision of training in the methodology, the latter also support the SAI PMF implementation in a SAI, or within a regional program. However, the roles are not mutually exclusive.

6 IDI offers periodic SAI PMF trainings in every region to ensure that there is opportunity for new staff and others to boost the natural loss of SAI PMF knowledge capital.
well as an outlook on implementation plans going forward will be prepared for the annual CBC meeting.

Evaluation: It is the responsibility of the CBC to oversee evaluation of the implementation of the SAI PMF Strategies 2017-2019 and 2020-2022, following the implementation period. An external evaluation will be commissioned in 2021 by the CBC to provide detailed lessons learnt and recommendations for a new SAI PMF implementation strategy after 2022. This approach will also enable the alignment with the INTOSAI Strategic Plan 2017-2022, the upcoming XXIV INCOSAI in 2022 and the possibility of affirming any strategic-level changes to the SAI PMF methodology and implementation strategy at that occasion.

7 Critical success factors and risks
The following critical success factors and risks may impact acceptance of the SAI PMF during roll-out:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Success factors and risks</th>
<th>Enabling and mitigating measures</th>
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<tr>
<td>7.1 INTOSAI leadership and strategic governance</td>
<td>The CBC exercises effective strategic direction and monitoring of SAI PMF implementation aided by the IAG and ensures coordination and synergies with other INTOSAI bodies.</td>
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<td>7.2 Support for SAI PMF assessments by INTOSAI Bodies and Heads of SAIs</td>
<td>An effective communication strategy and positioning of the SAI PMF to enable advocacy of the strategic significance of the SAI PMF by the CBC towards regional organisations and SAI heads, coupled with firm support by INTOSAI and donor leadership. Member SAIs of INTOSAI GB, the CBC leadership, and regional bodies, as well as well-resourced SAIs, especially such acting as providers of support, leading by example in applying the tool in their SAI in accordance with their strategic priorities and plans.</td>
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<td>7.3 Adequate and sustainable resourcing at all three levels of INTOSAI</td>
<td>Funds required for SAI PMF roll-out matches donor interests and funding, appropriate number, skills and experience of IDI staff working on SAI PMF, and willingness by SAIs to make available in-kind resources, i.e. SAI staff that are SAI PMF trained assessors as assessment team members, trainers and facilitators.</td>
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<td>7.4 Quality of SAI PMF assessments vs. assessment cost and complexity</td>
<td>IDI providing adequate support to assessment teams through training, advice, facilitation and independent review to ensure teams are well-prepared. Awareness-raising and strong sensitisation on the costs vs. benefits of doing a SAI PMF assessment to clarify expectations and possible costs including by SAIs sharing their experiences from the assessment process.</td>
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<td>7.5 Continued relevance of the tool</td>
<td>Revision of the SAI PMF at appropriate times based on proper information and advice (including IAG). Emphasis and support for use of SAI PMF results, i.e. for strategic and operational planning, capacity development, ISSAI implementation etc.</td>
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<td>7.6 Sharing of results and wherever strategically</td>
<td>Guidance on how to navigate the potentially challenging process of sharing and publicizing SAI PMF assessment results, based on experience of those</td>
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8 Roles and responsibilities for SAI PMF strategic and operational governance

The key role players in respect of SAI PMF governance and their responsibilities for implementation are as follows:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. INTOSAI CBC</th>
<th>B. IDI Board</th>
<th>C. IDI</th>
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<tr>
<td>1. Assumes ownership of the SAI PMF on behalf of INTOSAI, taking into account the work and contributions of other CBC work streams. Provides input/feedback on operational issues to the DG IDI, including budget related matters.</td>
<td>Approves IDI structure &amp; staff establishment, including staff working on SAI PMF issues. Approves resources for implementation of annual operational plan for SAI PMF as part of IDI’s Annual Operational Plan. Approves IDI policies and procedures.</td>
<td>Sets in place work methods and reporting procedures under guidance of the DG IDI.</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. Approves the global SAI PMF Strategy (every three to five years) at the annual CBC meeting, after consultation with the IDI Board.</td>
<td>Approves IDI strategic plan, into which the SAI PMF Strategy feeds.</td>
<td>Supports the development and implementation of the SAI PMF Strategy.</td>
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<td>3. The annual CBC meeting takes note of the IDI’s annual report and the high-level report (for the annual meeting) on SAI PMF implementation put forward for information by the IDI.</td>
<td>Receives annual SAI PMF reports from the DG IDI on progress against SAI PMF strategy as part of the IDI Performance and Accountability report.</td>
<td>Reports against the SAI PMF strategy to the CBC leadership on a tertiary (high level) basis, and to the CBC and IDI Board on an annual basis.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A. INTOSAI CBC</td>
<td>B. IDI Board</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Approves the annual SAI PMF operational plan in November of the preceding year.</td>
<td>Approves IDI operational plans, including SAI PMF annual plans after approval by CBC.</td>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>Provides feedback/input on budgets and other operational issues to the DG IDI.</td>
<td>Approves IDI budgets, including the budget for SAI PMF activities as per the SAI PMF annual plan.</td>
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<td>6.</td>
<td>Supports IDI funding requests (and fulfils INTOSAI-wide advocacy role for the SAI PMF).</td>
<td>Solicits specific funding for SAI PMF implementation.</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>Oversees impact of the SAI PMF, including deciding – ▪ Timing of evaluations of the SAI PMF strategy (e.g. approx. every three-five years), ▪ Commissioning and coordination of evaluations of the SAI PMF strategy ▪ When revision of the current tool is required ▪ Revisions of the SAI PMF strategy</td>
<td>DG IDI consults on the terms of reference for the evaluation of the SAI PMF strategy.</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Ensures appropriate donor involvement and communication / advice through e.g. - ▪ Appointing a SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group including Donor members, to provide input to strategic planning and in the case of revision of the SAI PMF.</td>
<td>Consult with global and regional donors on needs connected to SAI PMF, as input to the development of global and regional strategic and annual plans.</td>
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Annex 1. Results Framework and Results System for SAI PMF implementation

A. Results Framework

The SAI PMF results framework seeks to show planned inputs, SAI PMF functions with underlying activities, outputs, outcomes and assumptions at all levels of the results chain, to provide a basis on which the SAI PMF performance measurement system can be based. The results framework also provides a basis for future evaluations, by setting out the results and assumptions considered necessary and sufficient at each level of the results chain in order to achieve the results at the next level of the results chain.

For the SAI PMF, the results chain is: inputs-SAI PMF function (with underlying activities)-outputs-SAI PMF Outcomes-SAI Outcomes, and the impact of SAIs in making a difference to the lives of citizens. The components of the results framework are defined as follows:

- **Inputs**: all inputs, including engagement of INTOSAI and donors in the CBC, SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group and the IDI board, SAI PMF Team staff and core funds, financing for specific activities and programs, participation of SAI staff and leadership in activities and programs, in-kind contributions of SAIs, involvement of INTOSAI regional bodies and committees, contributions from other SAIs including subject matter experts.

- **SAI PMF functions**: the main themes of the SAI PMF strategy, showing how inputs are used to deliver the activities underlying the individual SAI PMF functions.

- **Outputs**: tangible results of SAI PMF activities, such as training courses and workshops, guidance material developed and maintained, regional SAI PMF plans developed and implemented and assessments conducted.

- **SAI PMF Outcomes**: this focuses on whether the activities planned are successful in promoting behavior change among the INTOSAI and Donor communities towards considering the SAI PMF as the favorable SAI performance management framework, and towards producing credible and high quality reports. This is the highest level of results attributable to the SAI PMF strategy, and contributes to achievement of SAI outcomes (below).

- **SAI Outcomes**: measures the desired performance improvements in SAIs that the SAI PMF strategy is intended to contribute to. This relates to independence and legal framework (including mandate); the quality of its core audit work; the quantity, submission and publication of financial, compliance and performance audits; and the effectiveness of its internal organizational systems. This is the level at which the performance of SAIs should be measured, noting that it may take 3-5 years to see performance change at this level.

- **Impact**: the contribution of SAIs in making a difference to the lives of citizens, through strengthening the accountability, transparency and integrity of government, demonstrating ongoing relevance to citizens, Parliament and other stakeholders, and leading by example in the public sector.

It is important to explicitly recognize the difference between SAI PMF outcomes on the one hand and SAI outcomes on the other hand. SAI PMF outcomes are closely attributable to the SAI PMF activities and are useful for evaluating program economy, efficiency and effectiveness. SAI outcomes are influenced by many factors beyond SAI PMF (e.g. capacity, resourcing and independence of the SAI) and are useful for monitoring and evaluating performance improvement at the level of the SAI. These have been included to recognize that SAI PMF assessments and related activities are an efficient
way of contributing to strengthening the performance of SAIs around the world, and are not an end in themselves.

SAI PMF Results Framework

Purpose: Sustainable improvement in SAI performance globally

INPUTS
INTOSAI & Donor Participation in CBC, IDI Board, Advisory Group etc.
IDI staff (budget & in-kind support)
Funding for SAI PMF activities
INTOSAI Engagement SAIs, Regions, & Committees

SAI PMF FUNCTIONS
Strategic Governance and Advice
Supporting Assessment Quality and Global Monitoring
Conduct SAI PMF Assessments
Facilitate SAI PMF Assessments and Use of Results
Independent Review

SAI PMF OUTCOMES
SAI PMF revised when needed
Strategic direction and monitoring of global roll out
Training courses & workshops
Assessments supported
Guidance material developed and maintained
Global data SAI PMF implementation
Regional coordination meetings
Regional plans developed and rolled out
Regional programs implemented
Guidance material maintained
SAI PMF assessments with independent review arranged by IDI
Independently reviewed assessments

To establish the SAI PMF as a widely recognised tool within INTOSAI for holistic, evidence-based SAI performance measurement, and recognised as such by in-country stakeholders and the donor community
Through an effective roll-out of the SAI PMF, ensuring that all assessments are considered to be of high quality, credible and relevant by all users.

SAI OUTCOMES
[SAI PMF Contribution to Improved SAI Performance]

SAI Independence & Legal Framework
SAI Internal Governance & Ethics
Audit Quality & Reporting, in Financial Audit
Performance Audit
Compliance Audit (Judgements)
SAI Financial Management, Assets & Support Services
SAI Human Resources & Training
SAI Communication & Stakeholder Management

Impact
Value and Benefits of SAIs: Making a Difference to the Lives of Citizens
Strengthening the Accountability, Transparency and Integrity of Government
Demonstrating Ongoing Relevance to Citizens, Parliament and Other Stakeholders
Leading by Example in the Public Sector
Contribution to UN Agenda 2030 implementation

Economy, Efficiency & Effectiveness of SAI PMF

ASSUMPTIONS/RISKS
✓ INTOSAI & Donors (and other relevant stakeholders) continued engagement in SAI PMF
✓ Funds needed for the necessary SAI PMF functions and for global roll out of SAI PMF match donor interests & funding
✓ SAIs seek to use support (incl. trainings, workshop, IR etc.) offered by IDI
✓ SAIs conduct credible SAI PMF assessments & share results
✓ SAIs want to participate in regional SAI PMF facilitation programs adjusted to regional needs and capacities
✓ Donors respect SAI decision making on SAI PMF assessments
✓ SAIs coordinate SAI PMF assessments to be used as basis for strategic and capacity development planning
✓ Identified SAI capacity development needs matches deficiencies in SAI performance
✓ SAIs take ownership of their own capacity development
✓ SAI leaders drive change
✓ SAIs have sufficient funding & independence to make the changes necessary to sustain performance
✓ Country political economy favours a stronger SAI
✓ Improved SAI performance can deliver impact country
✓ Country environment promotes accountability, transparency & integrity
✓ Executive implements audit recommendations
✓ Legislature reviews audit report, enforces follow-up

14
B. Results System SAI PMF

The results system seeks to facilitate monitoring, reporting and evaluation of the SAI PMF roll-out at SAI PMF outcome level. The table below include the performance indicators used to measure the SAI PMF outcomes, these will be measured annually. The performance on SAI Outcomes is measured at the level of the IDI Strategic Plan 2019-2023 results framework. A results system at output level will be linked to operational plans for implementation of the strategy.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAI PMF Outcome Indicator 1: Conducted Assessments</th>
<th>Baseline 2018</th>
<th>Milestone 1 2019</th>
<th>Milestone 2 2020</th>
<th>Milestone 3 2021</th>
<th>Target 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative number of SAIs (all countries) with a finalised SAI performance report based on the SAI PMF framework</td>
<td>a) 47 b) 2 c) 11</td>
<td>a) 65 b) 10 c) 15</td>
<td>a) 70 b) 15 c) 20</td>
<td>a) 75 b) 20 c) 25</td>
<td>a) 85 b) 25 c) 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Achieved:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source: Annual IDI survey tracking assessments</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAI PMF Outcome Indicator 2: Quality of Assessments</th>
<th>Baseline 2018</th>
<th>Milestone 1 2019</th>
<th>Milestone 2 2020</th>
<th>Milestone 3 2021</th>
<th>Target 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>% of all (i.e. cumulative) finalized SAI PMF assessments that includes an IR statement demonstrating independent verification of facts, as well as proper application of the SAI PMF methodology</td>
<td>51%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Achieved:</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Source: Annual IDI survey tracking assessments</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SAI PMF Outcome Indicator 3: Assessment results used in SAI strategic planning and capacity development</th>
<th>Baseline 2018</th>
<th>Milestone 1 2019</th>
<th>Milestone 2 2020</th>
<th>Milestone 3 2021</th>
<th>Target 2022</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of all (i.e. cumulative) finalised SAI PMF assessments (all countries) that are reported as having been used as basis for SAI strategic planning and/or capacity building projects.</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Achieved:</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Source: Annual IDI survey tracking assessments</td>
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7 IDC Results Framework, IDI Strategic Plan results framework.
8 Operational plans for implementation of the SAI PMF strategy will be developed by the IDI.
9 Data to be disaggregated by OECD-DAC status of country of SAI.
10 This is an additional indicator for “SAI PMF Outcome Indicator 1: Conducted Assessment”. Since the importance of publication is recognized during the previous implementation strategy period of 2017-2019, we included this indicator where strategically beneficial.
Annex 2

SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group – Terms of Reference

1. Purpose
The purpose of the SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group (the Advisory Group) is to act as an independent advisory mechanism to support the INTOSAI Capacity Building Committee (CBC) and the IDI SAI PMF Team (SPT) in their efforts to continually develop, and implement, the SAI PMF.\(^\text{11}\)

2. Key roles
The main functions of the Advisory Group are as follows:

2.1 Provide advice on the strategic vision and advice on the maintenance/continued development and implementation of the SAI PMF
2.2 Provide feedback from experiences in applying SAI PMF in a country context
2.3 Promote and champion the SAI PMF to all relevant global stakeholders

3. Composition and Membership
The Advisory Group will comprise volunteer representatives from INTOSAI, the donor community, and other stakeholders with expertise in SAI PMF and/or similar measurement tools. The Advisory Group should not exceed 10 members, and its composition reflect a balance between donor and INTOSAI members. In the establishment phase of the Advisory Group, membership will be approved by the CBC Steering Committee. Once established, the Advisory Group will itself be responsible for approving potential changes in its membership.

The SPT as the global coordinator and knowledge centre for SAI PMF will provide technical advice to the Advisory Group on SAI PMF issues.

4. Reporting
The Advisory Group will provide advisory reports to the CBC on the following:

- The usability of the SAI PMF and its implementation strategy, and provide advice and recommendations for improvement

\(^\text{11}\) The SAI PMF Team will in addition seek input from relevant stakeholders in relation to development and implementation of regional plans and activities.
• Review and comment on the SAI PMF annual progress report in light of the SAI PMF strategy and annual implementation plan
• Review and comment on the draft SAI PMF implementation plan for the forthcoming year, and provide advice and recommendations to strengthen it
• Advise on the development and implementation of a SAI PMF communications strategy, targeted to SAI, donor and other stakeholders
• Additional SAI PMF related tasks, as requested by the CBC and/or SPT, and accepted by the Advisory Group

The advisory group will provide a high level summary of its work and recommendations at the annual CBC meeting.

The CBC and the IDI will at the annual CBC and INTOSAI-Donor Cooperation Steering Committee (IDSC) meetings provide an update on SAI PMF related issues, that will include a summary of the work of the advisory group. These meetings will also give an opportunity for other stakeholders who are not current members of the Advisory Group to raise questions and provide comments related to SAI PMF.

5. Meetings

The Advisory Group will aim to hold one meeting per year, but beyond that the Advisory Group will decide on the frequency of meetings. Virtual meeting platforms will be used when possible and considered adequate.
**Roles of Main SAI PMF Actors**

**SAI PMF Independent Advisory Group**
- Provide advice on strategic vision and implementation
- Provide feedback from experiences in SAI PMF
- Provide advice on maintenance of SAI PMF
- Promote and champion of SAI PMF

**INTOSAI regions, other relevant INTOSAI bodies and Donor organisations**
- Cooperate with the IDI on development and implementation of global and regional SAI PMF initiatives

**CBC Strategic Responsibility**
- Approve and monitor implementation of global SAI PMF Strategy and Annual plans
- Decide on timing of evaluation of SAI PMF strategy
- Establishment and oversight of future revisions of SAI PMF
- Promotion and advocacy of SAI PMF

**IDI Operational Responsibility**
- Development and implementation of global SAI PMF Annual plans in terms of approved strategy
- IDI Board approves the global SAI PMF Annual plan and the budget for SAI PMF activities
- Provide guidance and support to SAI PMF assessments
- Coordinate roll out of SAI PMF
- Facilitate development and implementation of global and regional SAI PMF initiatives
- Arrange and conduct independent reviews of SAI PMF terms of reference and assessments

**Country Level SAI PMF Assessments**
- Governance of individual SAI PMF assessments