

# CBC P2P Meeting Series

# Meeting series

Webinar topic	When	Provider 1	Provider 2
<b>1. Initiation &amp; needs assessment</b>	28th of September 2021	SAI Norway	SAI The Netherlands
<b>2. Design &amp; planning</b>	November 2021	SAI France	IDI
<b>3. Implementation &amp; monitoring</b>	January 2022	SAI UK	SAI New Zealand
<b>4. Evaluation</b>	March 2022	SAI Sweden	IDI
<b>5. Exit</b>	May 2022	TBC	TBC

# OAGN's Peer Principles

- ▶ Long term, results based partnerships
- ▶ Not only improving the technical skills of audit staff but organisational and institutional development
- ▶ A whole SAI strengthening approach

# External evaluation- Conclusions

*“A range of preconditions were identified which had to be addressed for effective project delivery, such as partner SAI’s independence, strong leadership, and engagement with civil society and the mass media.*

*However, when the project moved from initiation and design to the implementation mode the default position was to focus on capacity-building of technical audit competence.*

*Although the OAG-Norway was no doubt effective in strengthening audit capacity, for truly sustainable change to occur the OAG-Norway would have had to move out of the capacity- building “comfort zone.”*

# Agenda

- ▶ Given the aim of achieving sustainable results: What are the preconditions for entering into long term partnerships? What critical assumptions do we make?
- ▶ How do we manage the risks associated with lack of knowledge about preconditions?
- ▶ How do we reach a respectful dialogue with our partner on preconditions and critical assumptions?

# Question 1

Given the aim of achieving sustainable results;

- ▶ What are the preconditions for entering into long term partnerships?  
What critical assumptions do we make?
- ▶ Are there even preconditions of an absolute kind (if not met the whole cooperation might be put into question)?

# IDs Global stocktaking 2020

*“Most SAs providing peer support have policies, principles and practices guiding how they decide which SAs to support, and how such support is delivered.*

*The most common determinants are the nature of the support requested, whether it matches the SA’s own expertise, and whether the support can be funded. It is therefore the SA’s ability to deliver what is requested that drives support – rather than wider developmental considerations such as commitment to and likelihood of sustainable change within the SA and accountability system”*

# Hard conversations



# Dialoguing with partner

- ▶ How do we reach a respectful dialogue on preconditions and critical assumptions whilst honouring the spirit of partnership and mutuality?
  - ▶ Sharing of approaches and practical tips